

**Supplement containing data and interpretations for the following paper in**

**BULLETIN OF THE SEISMOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF AMERICA:**

**Multiple large earthquakes in the past 1500 years on a fault in  
metropolitan Manila, The Philippines**

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**Part 1.** This part includes the logs of trenches and exposures at the Maislap site, which are presented in a series of figures (S2 through S12). Figure S1 explains the symbols and labels used on the figures. An explanation of the siting of the trenches precedes the figures and additional comments about each exposure are included in the captions, which appear beneath each figure.

**Part 2.** This part consists of five tables (Tables S1 through S5) of lithologic data for stratigraphic units on Figs. S2 through S12. Unit labels on the tables correspond with those on the figures.

**Part 3.** This part consists of a description and interpretation of the stratigraphy in the southwest wall of trench 1 (Fig. S9), trench 2 (Fig. S10), and other stream exposures northwest of the logged stream exposure (Fig. 3), which are not included in the *Bulletin* paper.

**Part 4.** This part is a list of additional references that are not included in the *Bulletin* paper, but which might be of use to other geologists studying the Marikina Valley.

## Part 1 - Logs of Trench and Stream Exposures at the Maislap Site

Surficial deposits at the Maislap site consist of interbedded pebbly to cobbly stream channel deposits, weathered, sandy, silty colluvium, and mixtures of sandy, silty alluvium and colluvium washed from small drainages and hillslopes along the sides of the strike valley or deposited along the main stream during flooding (Fig. 3). Most channel deposit clasts are rounded and subrounded, whereas a much greater proportion of clasts in colluvium are angular to subangular. Debris flow deposits with rounded cobbles are also interbedded with alluvium and colluvium near the mouth of the valley of tributary 1 and in the middle of trench 1. The Angat ophiolite of possible Cretaceous age underlies the drainage basin of the main stream (Arcilla *et al.* 1989). Where exposed, the ophiolite consists of layered gabbros, diabase sheeted dikes, and pillow basalts (Arcilla *et al.* 1989). Most of the highly weathered clasts in the surficial deposits of the valley are derived from these mafic units.

Logging of two trenches and one natural exposure was completed during six weeks of field work in February and early March 1995. The Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHIVOLCS) handled all logistical arrangements and permits and the U.S. Geological Survey and PHIVOLCS collaborated on the scientific aspects of the trenching program. First, we excavated a 42-m-long trench (trench 1) with a backhoe across the widest part of the valley to locate the most recent trace of the fault (Figs. 3, 4, and S2 through S5; figure numbers without “S” refer to figures in the *Bulletin* paper). We later widened this trench to create a new exposure of the fault zone (Fig. S7). We also logged a 1.5-m-long section of trench wall that connected both walls of trench 1 (Fig. S8), and a 5-m-section of partly exposed trench wall on the southwest side of trench 1 (Fig. S9). Cleaning of natural exposures along a stream that crossed the valley provided additional vertical exposures of the fault in critical areas that could not be reached with a backhoe (Figs. 3, 5, S11, S12, and Part 3 of this supplement). A small 1-m-deep, 3-m-long

trench was dug by hand about 2 m southwest of the longest stream exposure and parallel to it to obtain another exposure of the uppermost units in the exposure. Finally, we dug a second 13-m-long trench (trench 2; Fig. S10) between the first trench and the stream exposures. We logged the trenches and the longest stream exposure at a scale of 1:20 and the fault zones in both the northeast (wall 1, Figs. 4A and S6) and southwest (Fig. S9) walls of trench 1 and its widened extension (wall 2, Figs. 4B and S7) at 1:10. Tables S1 through S5 describe stratigraphic units shown in each of the detailed logs. We did not log the hand-dug trench or the small stream exposures on the northwest edge of the valley (described below).

Units of similar genesis in the same part of each trench that we infer to have been deposited at about the same time are assigned a single unit number (Fig. S1). Thus, unit 1a occurs near the bottom of the southeast end of trench 1 and unit 39bBt at the top of its northwest end. Subunits, designated a, b, c, etc., show different lithologic facies of a unit. "Bt" marks units that are largely remnants of argillic B soil horizons. In the common situation where we were uncertain whether or not a new unit or subunit was part of a previously labeled unit (for example, on either side of a fault), we assigned a different number to the new unit.

# Explanation

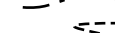
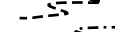
## Units

- 36 Unit number
- c Subunit label (indicates different facies of main unit)
- B Cambic B horizon is developed in unit
- Bt Argillic B horizon is developed in unit

## Faults

-  Observed fault with displacement--Fault zones are labeled and numbered (e.g., **FZ1**) separately in each trench
-  Inferred fault, displacement probable

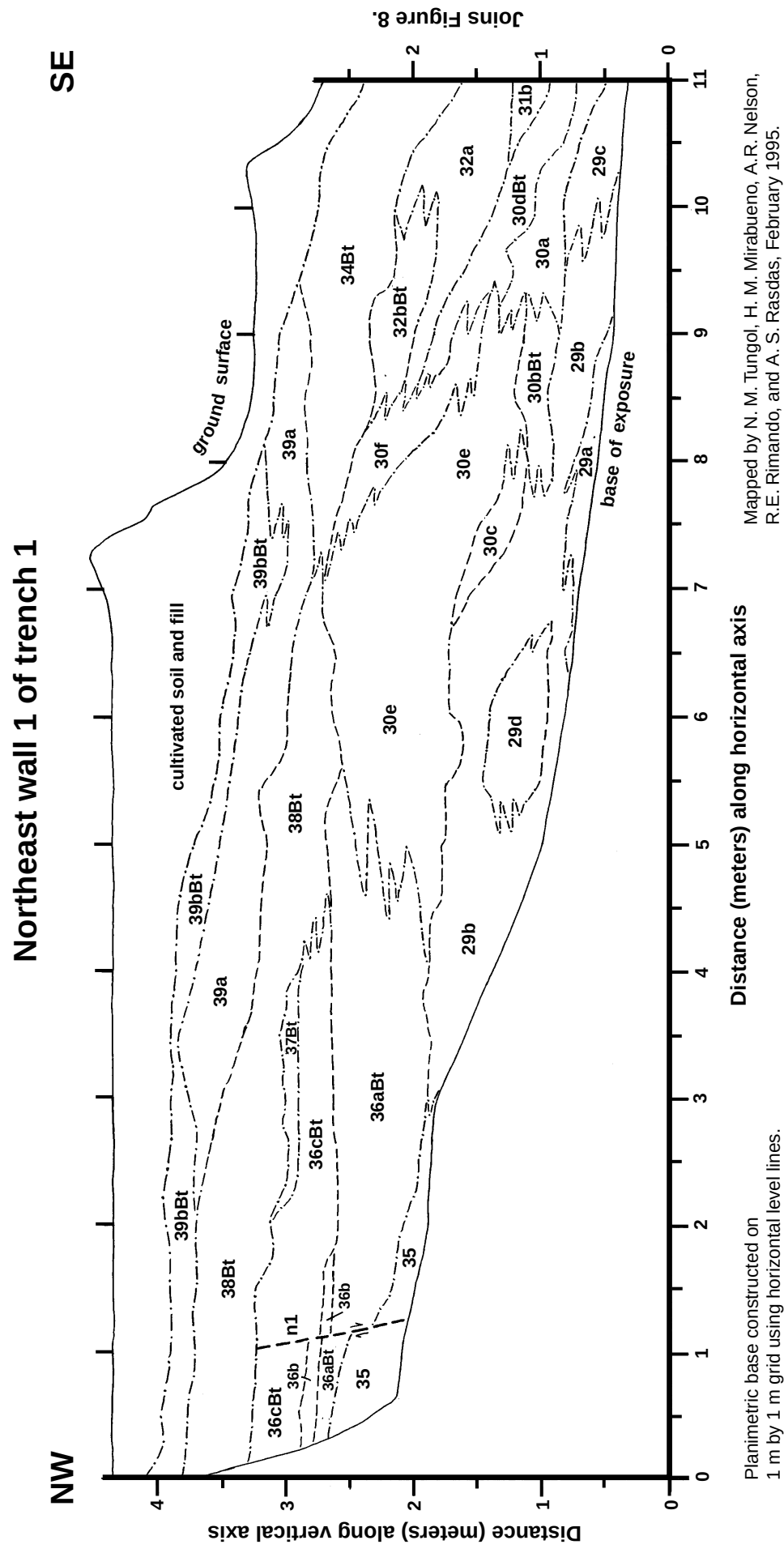
## Contacts

-  Sharp and distinct (<1 cm)
-  Gradual but distinct
-  Gradual and indistinct
-  Lateral changes in lithofacies
-  Inferred subtle lateral changes in lithofacies
-  Inferred position of a free face of a former fault scarp

## Symbols

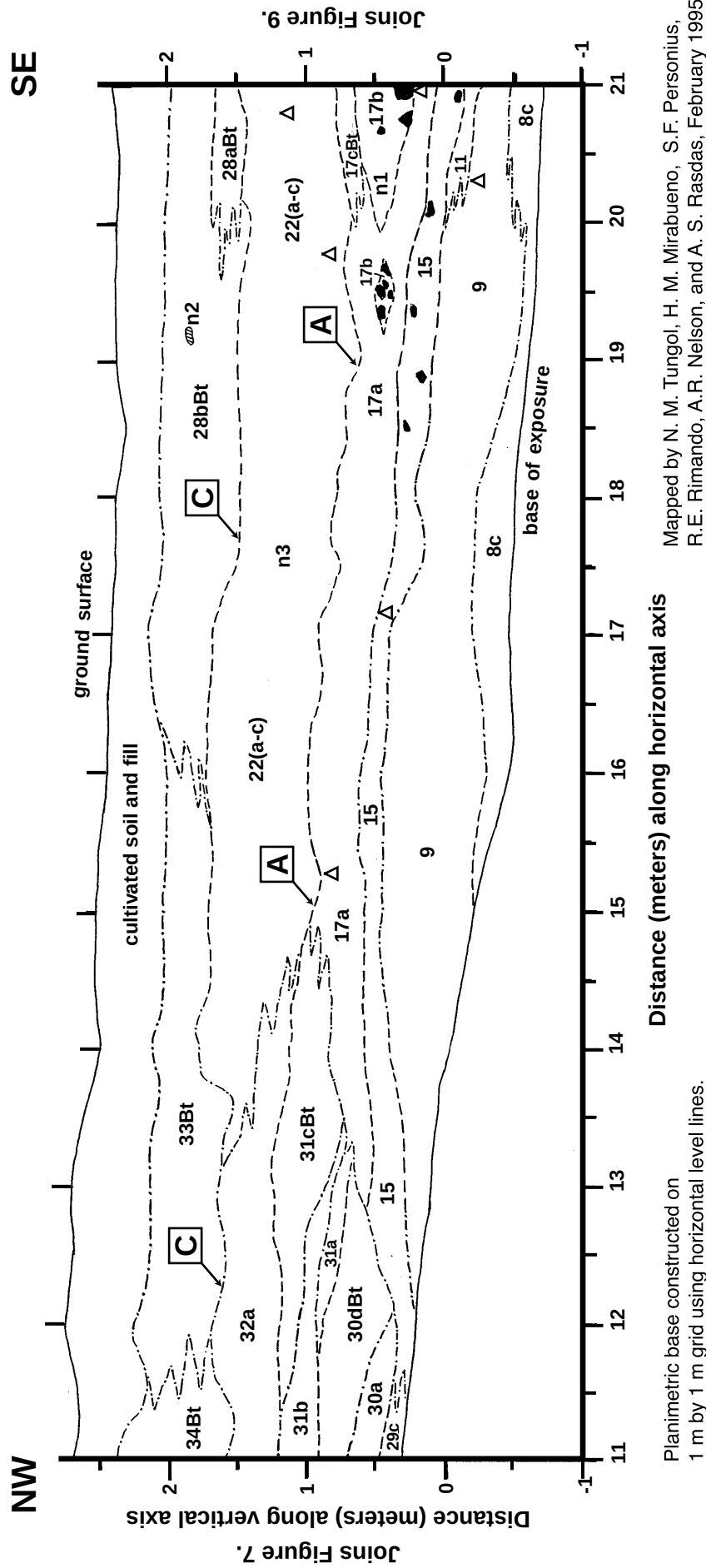
-  Selected cobbles and boulders
-  Infilled animal burrows
-  Charcoal sample collected for AMS radiocarbon analysis
- 00▲ Numbered sample dated (age listed in Table 1 by sample number)
- △ Sample not dated (not numbered)
- n2 Note (feature or relation explained in caption)
-  **B** Upper contact of sequence of deposits faulted during fault events A? through D.

**Figure S1.** Explanation of units labels, faults, contacts, and symbols used on Figures S2 through S12. Letters within boxes mark unconformities and disconformities bounding the upper surfaces of sequences of deposits faulted during fault events A?, B, C, or D. For example, some fault strands produced during event B extend upward through stream deposits of sequence 2 to the unconformity labeled "B".

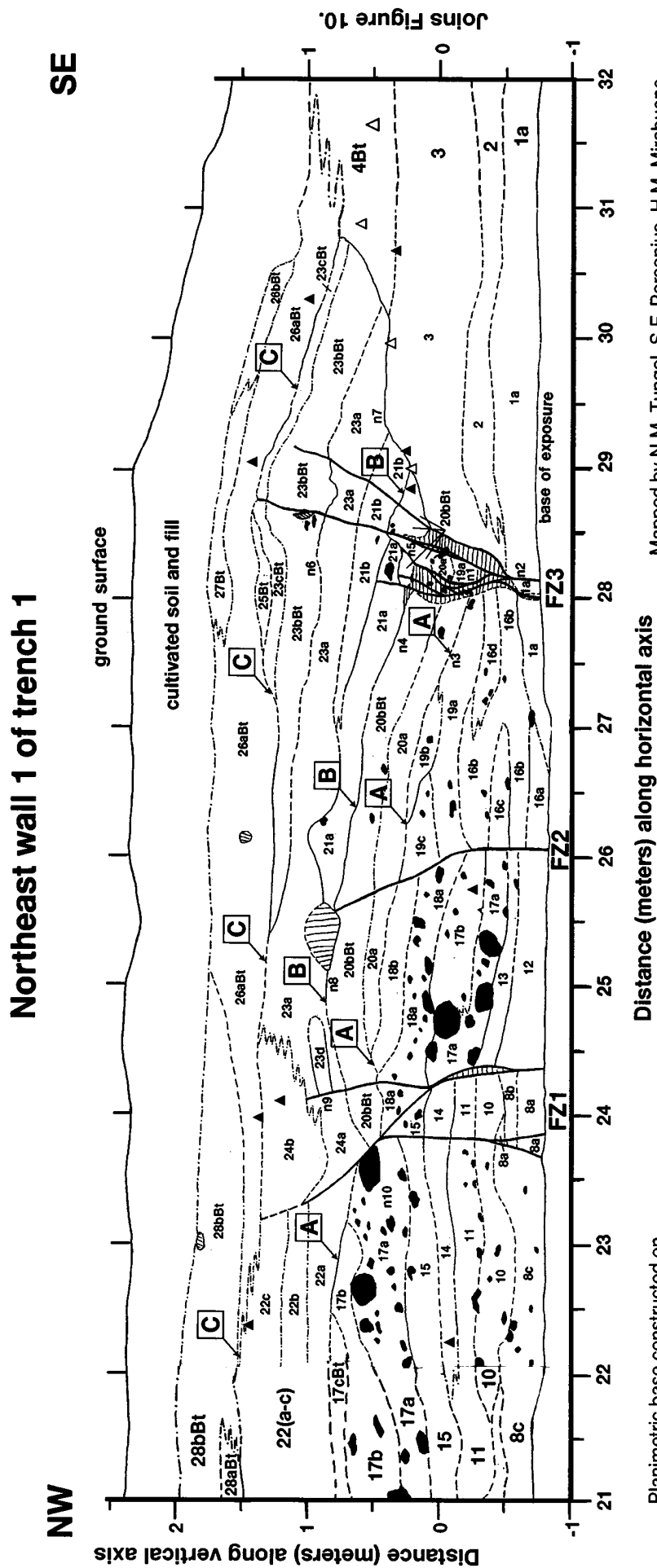


**Figure S2.** Log of northeast wall 1 of trench 1 between meter coordinates 0 and 11. Face of exposure trends  $153^{\circ}$ . Trench was logged at a scale of 1:20. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Descriptions of stratigraphic units appear in Table S1. n1: Small fault, which may be part of an old landslide headscarp.

# Northeast wall 1 of trench 1



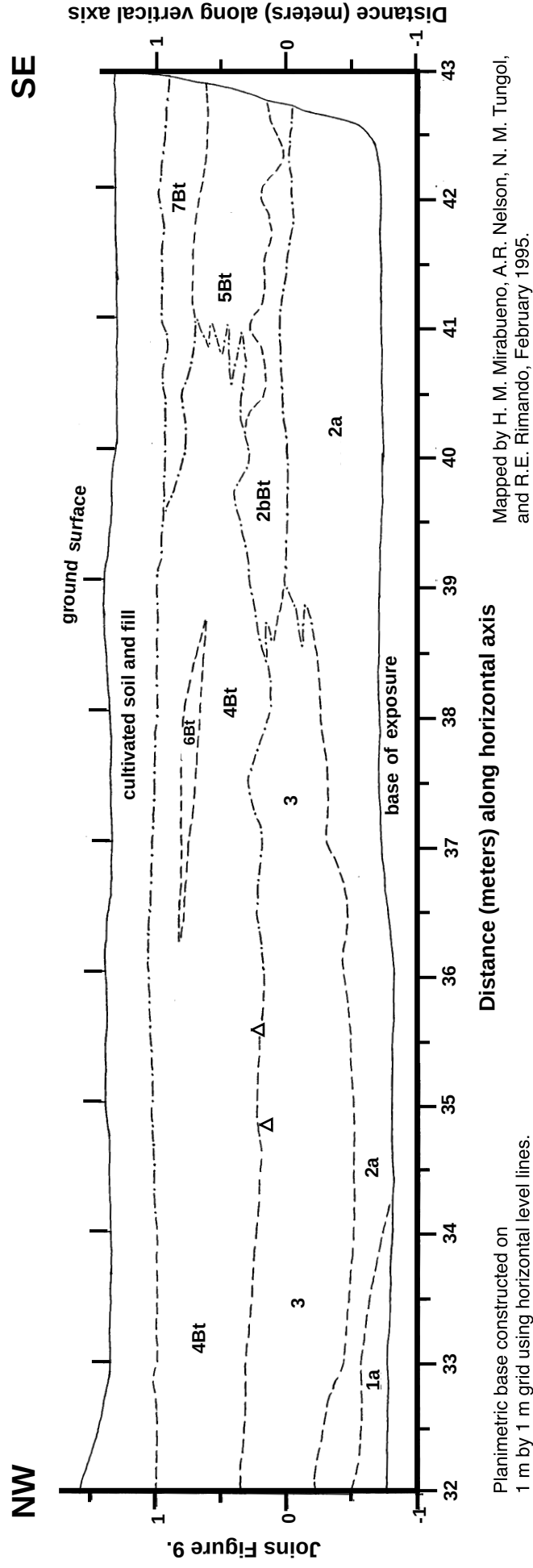
**Figure S3.** Log of northeast wall 1 of trench 1 between meter coordinates 11 and 21. Face of exposure trends 153°. Trench was logged at a scale of 1:20. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Descriptions of stratigraphic units appear in Table S1. n1: Distal edge of debris flow deposit, which may have been deposited from the tributary valley north of the stream exposure (Fig. 2B). n2: Distinct filled animal burrow. n3: Unconformity (B on Figs. S4 and S6) at the top of sequence 2 stream deposits (Fig. 4) was not recognized in this part of the trench, perhaps because sequence 2 deposits were never deposited here.



**Figure S4.** Log of northeast wall 1 of trench 1 between meter coordinates 21 and 32. Detailed part of the log between meter coordinates 22 and 31, which was logged at a scale of 1:10, is shown on Figure S6. Other parts of log were logged at a scale of 1:20. Face of exposure trends 150°. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Descriptions of stratigraphic units appear in Table S1 and radiocarbon data in Table 1 (numbered samples appear on Figure S6):

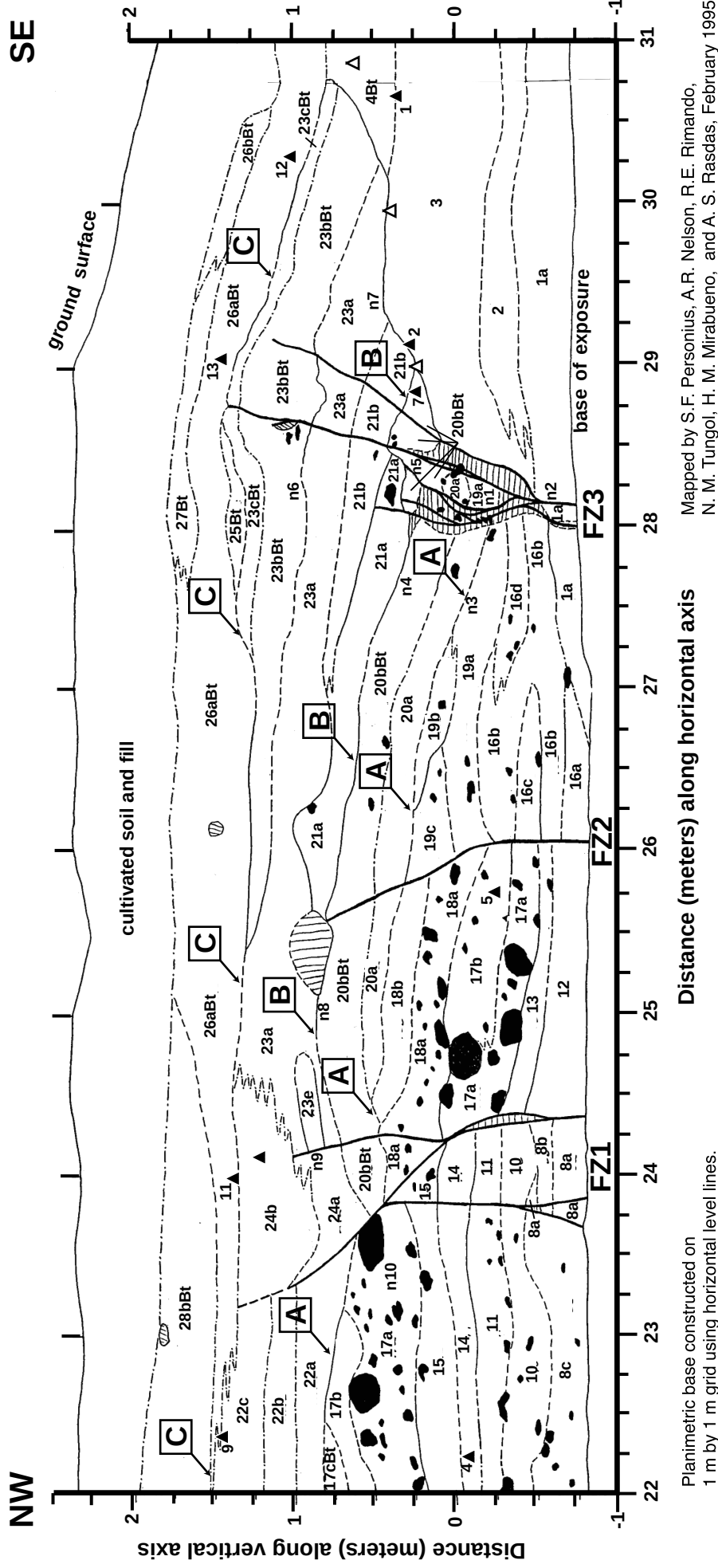


## Northeast wall 1 of trench 1



**Figure S5.** Log of northeast wall 1 of trench 1 between meter coordinates 32 and 43. Face of exposure trends  $153^{\circ}$ . Trench was logged at a scale of 1:20. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Descriptions of stratigraphic units appear in Table S1. Blotchy differences in the amount of clay and grussified sand in the upper half of the log suggest that much of units 3-6 may be highly burrowed.

# Northeast wall 1 of trench 1

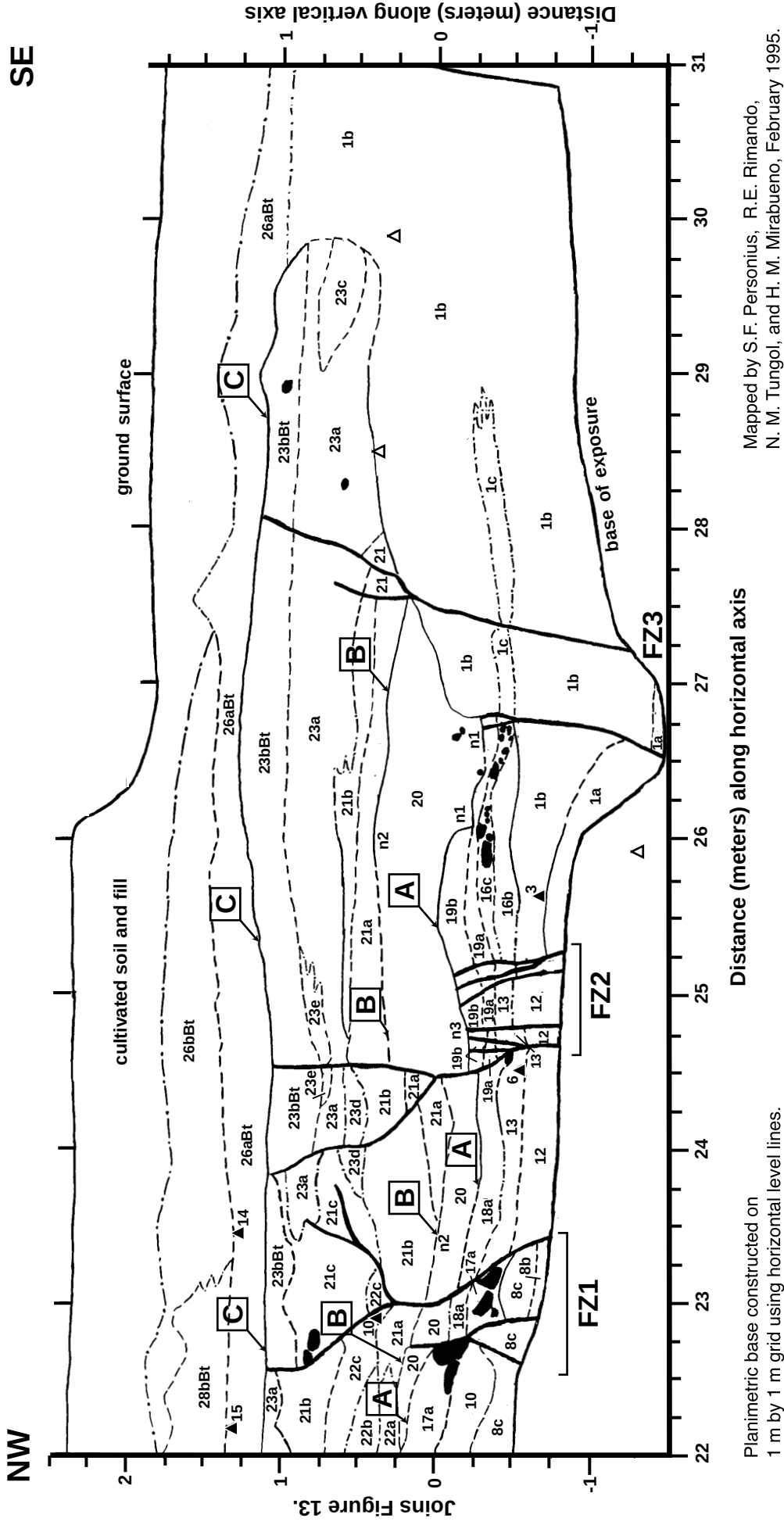


**Figure S6.** Detailed log of northeast wall 1 of trench 1 between meter coordinates 22 and 31. Face of exposure trends 153°. Trench was logged at a scale of 1:10. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Descriptions of stratigraphic units appear in Table S1. Numbered <sup>14</sup>C samples are listed in Table 1. Because of difficulties in determining whether some units occur on both sides of the fault zones that we assume to have meters of horizontal displacement, we assign units on opposite sides of fault zones different unit numbers unless we are sure that they are the same unit. n1: Details of the shear zone in FZ3 were difficult to map because this part of the trench wall was unstable; the zone includes voids, cobbles, gravely sediment from units to the northwest, and clasts of silty sediment from units to the southeast, much of it stained black, probably from manganese in groundwater. n2: More faults than are shown are probably present, but are difficult to distinguish in the massive silty units at the base of the trench (which was frequently submerged). n3: Reddish-brown clay coating highly weathered clasts and lining pores in the upper half of unit 19 may be the remains of a Bt horizon on unit 19, although some of this clay may have infiltrated from the Bt horizon developed on unit 20. n4: Reddish (5YR) clay is very abundant throughout the upper half of unit 20 and more than half the clasts are completely weathered. n5: We could not determine whether the step in the upper contact of unit 20 was erosional or displaced by a fault; perhaps it is both. n6: Lower contact of the Bt horizon on unit 23 is more indistinct and irregular than portrayed here. n7: 2-5-cm-thick gravely beds in unit 23 at this location are deformed but not displaced. n8: Top of the Bt horizon on unit 20 is clearly eroded. n9: Truncation of small lenses of sediment at faults indicates at least decimeters of lateral fault displacement. n10: Cobbly debris flow deposit.

Planimetric base constructed on 1 m by 1 m grid using horizontal level lines.

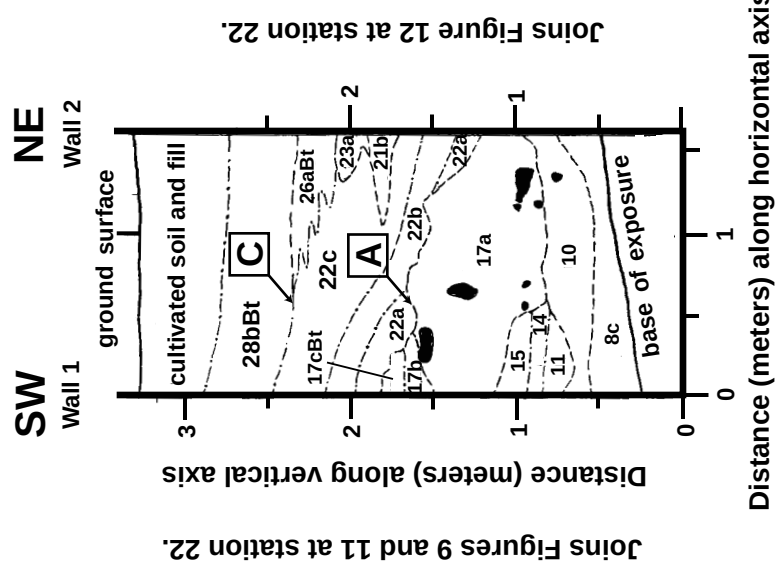
Mapped by S.F. Personius, A.R. Nelson, R.E. Rimando, N. M. Tungol, H. M. Mirabueno, and A. S. Rasdas, February 1995.

# Northeast wall 2 of trench 1



**Figure S7.** Detailed log of northeast wall 2 of trench 1, logged at a scale of 1:10. Face of exposure trends 153°. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Most units are numbered the same as those described from northeast wall 1 of trench 1 (Figure S6 and Table S1), so only a limited number of unit descriptions were made (Table S2). Vertical and horizontal datums are the same as in wall 1 of trench 1. Numbered <sup>14</sup>C samples are listed in Table 1. n1: Channel cut into unit 19 truncates faults at station 26.7. n2: Erosional unconformity at the top of the Bt horizon developed in unit 20. n3: Six other strands of the fault truncated by the channel filled by unit 20.

## Northwest wall of trench 1



Planimetric base constructed on  
1 m by 1 m grid using horizontal level lines.

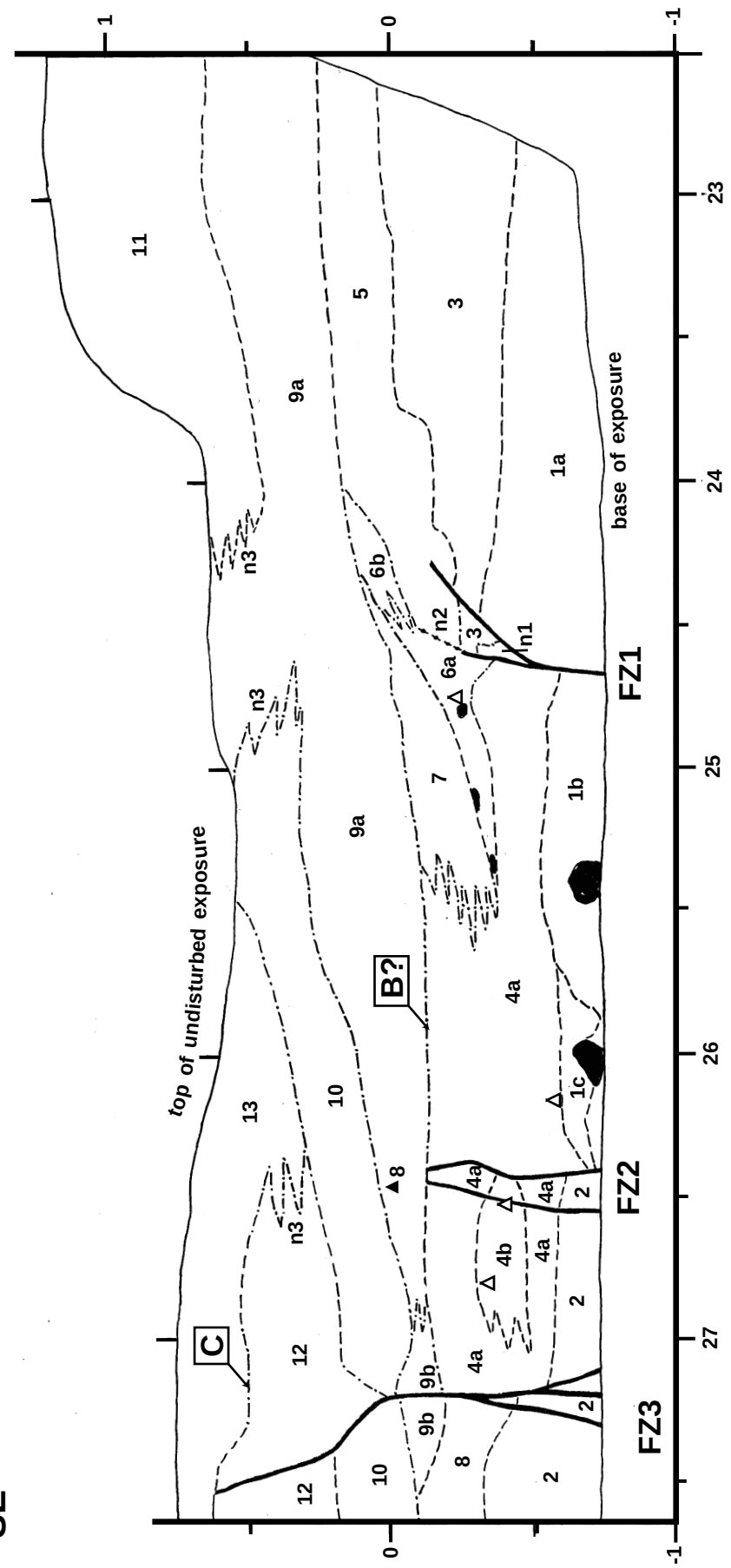
Mapped by S.F. Personius, R.E. Rimando, N. M. Tungol, and  
H. M. Mirabueno, February 1995.

**Figure S8.** Log of the northwest wall of trench 1. Face of exposure trends  $63^\circ$ . This short exposure is perpendicular to and connects northeast walls 1 and 2 of trench 1 at meter coordinate 22. The exposed deposits are the same as those found in walls 1 and 2, so none of these units were described. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. The unconformity (B on Figures S4 and S6) at the top of sequence 2 stream deposits (Fig. 3) was not recognized on this wall, perhaps because sequence 2 deposits were never deposited here.

# Southwest wall of trench 1

NW

SE



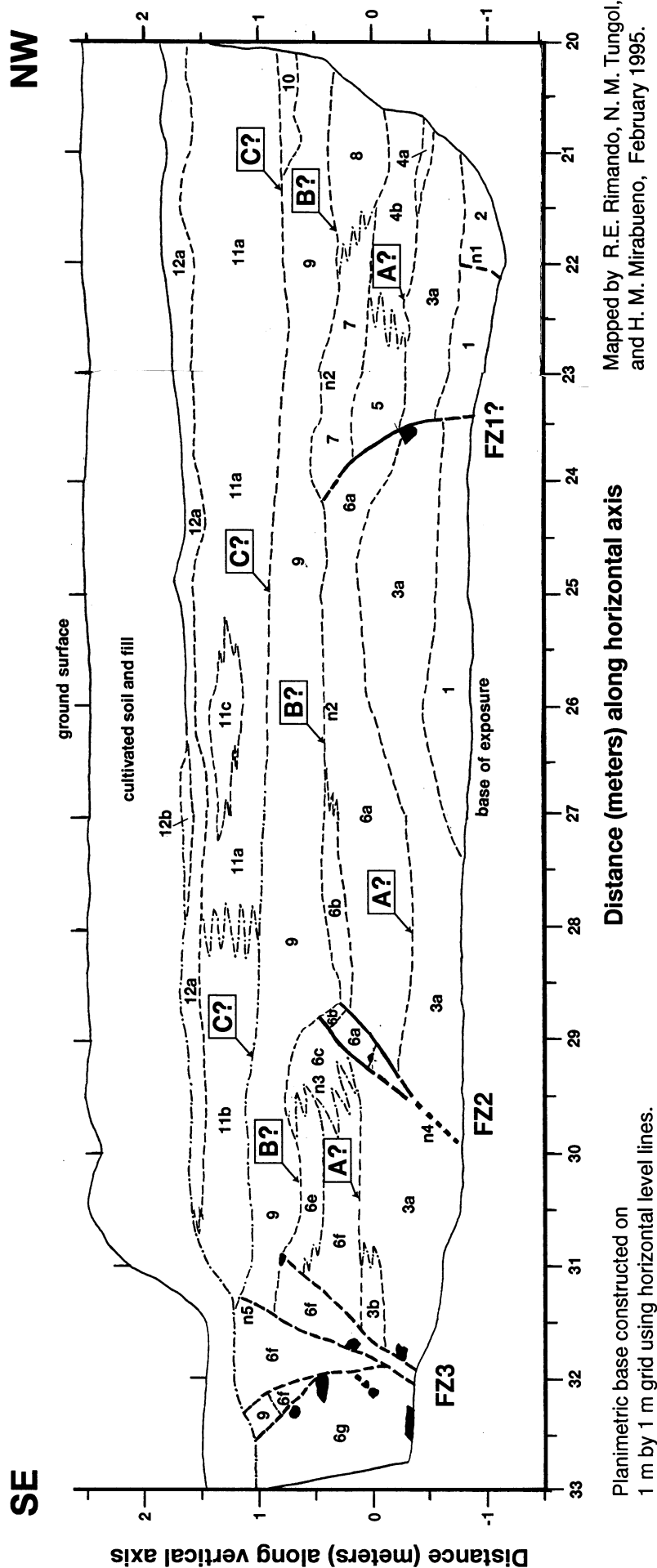
Planimetric base constructed on 1 m by 1 m grid using horizontal level lines.

Distance (meters) along horizontal axis

Mapped by R.E. Rimando, S.F. Personius, N. M. Tungol, and H. M. Mirabueno, February 1995.

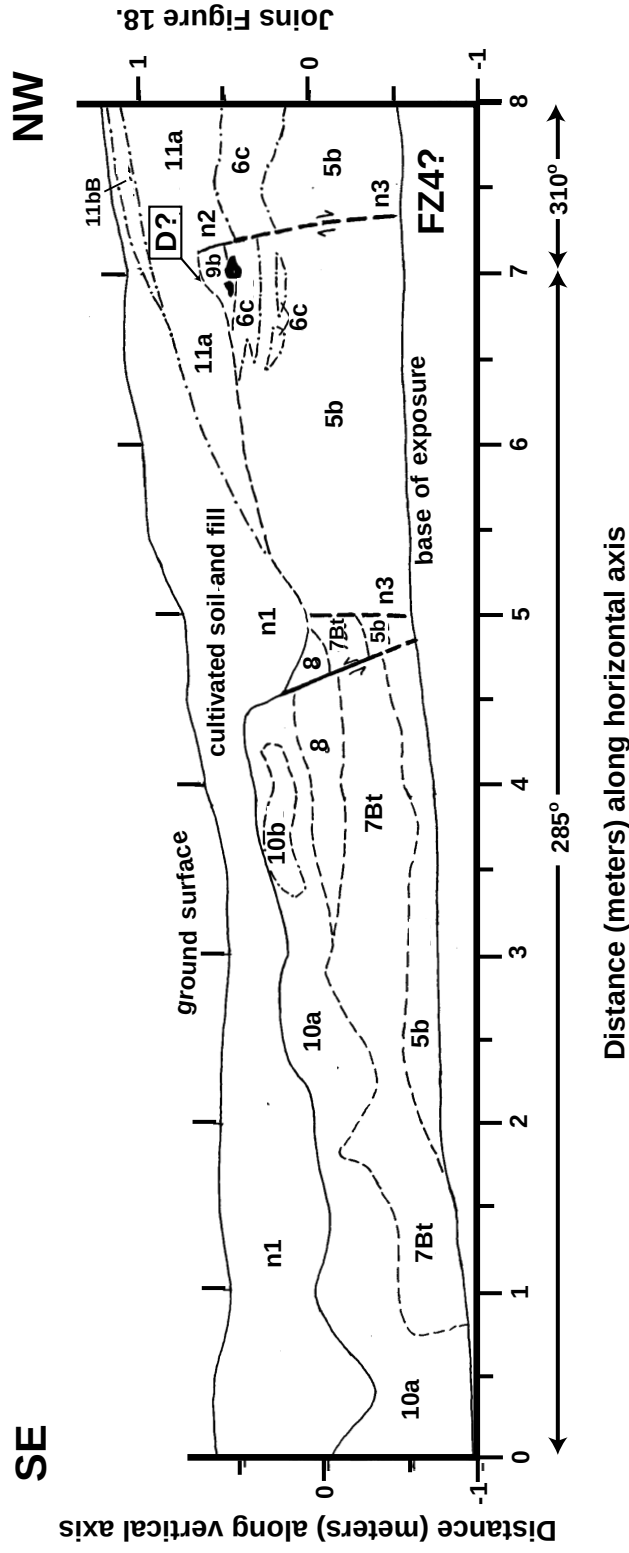
**Figure S9.** Log of the southwest wall of trench 1, logged at a scale of 1:10. Face of exposure trends 153°. Vertical datum is the same as northeast walls of trench 1; horizontal datum was projected perpendicular to northeast walls of trench 1. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Although some of these units are probably the same units as exposed on the northeast walls of trench 1, this wall is too far from the northeast walls for us to be certain of unit correlations. For this reason, the stratigraphic units in this exposure are numbered separately and described in Table S3. The single radiocarbon age (no. 8; unit 9a) is listed in Table 1. n1: Fracture filled with loose sediment from units 3 and 4. n2: Formerly exposed free face of a fault scarp buried by colluvium derived from unit 5. n3: Indistinct, gradual facies changes here indicate that these parts of the trench may have been highly burrowed.

## Southwest wall of trench 2



**Figure S10.** Log of the southwest wall of trench 2. Face of exposure trends  $153^{\circ}$ . Trench was logged at a scale of 1:20. Vertical datum is same as in trench 1; horizontal datum is projected perpendicular from trench 1. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Descriptions of stratigraphic units appear in Table S4. n1: fault is inferred only from abrupt termination of gravelly unit 2. n2: Erosional unconformity at the top of units 6 and 7. n3: Domed shape of unit 6c suggests that it contains unrecognized splays of the fault; facies changes with units 6e and 6f are particularly indistinct. n4: Trace of the fault in unit 3a is only inferred; we did not identify it in the trench. n5: fault is indistinct but appears to truncate unit 9.

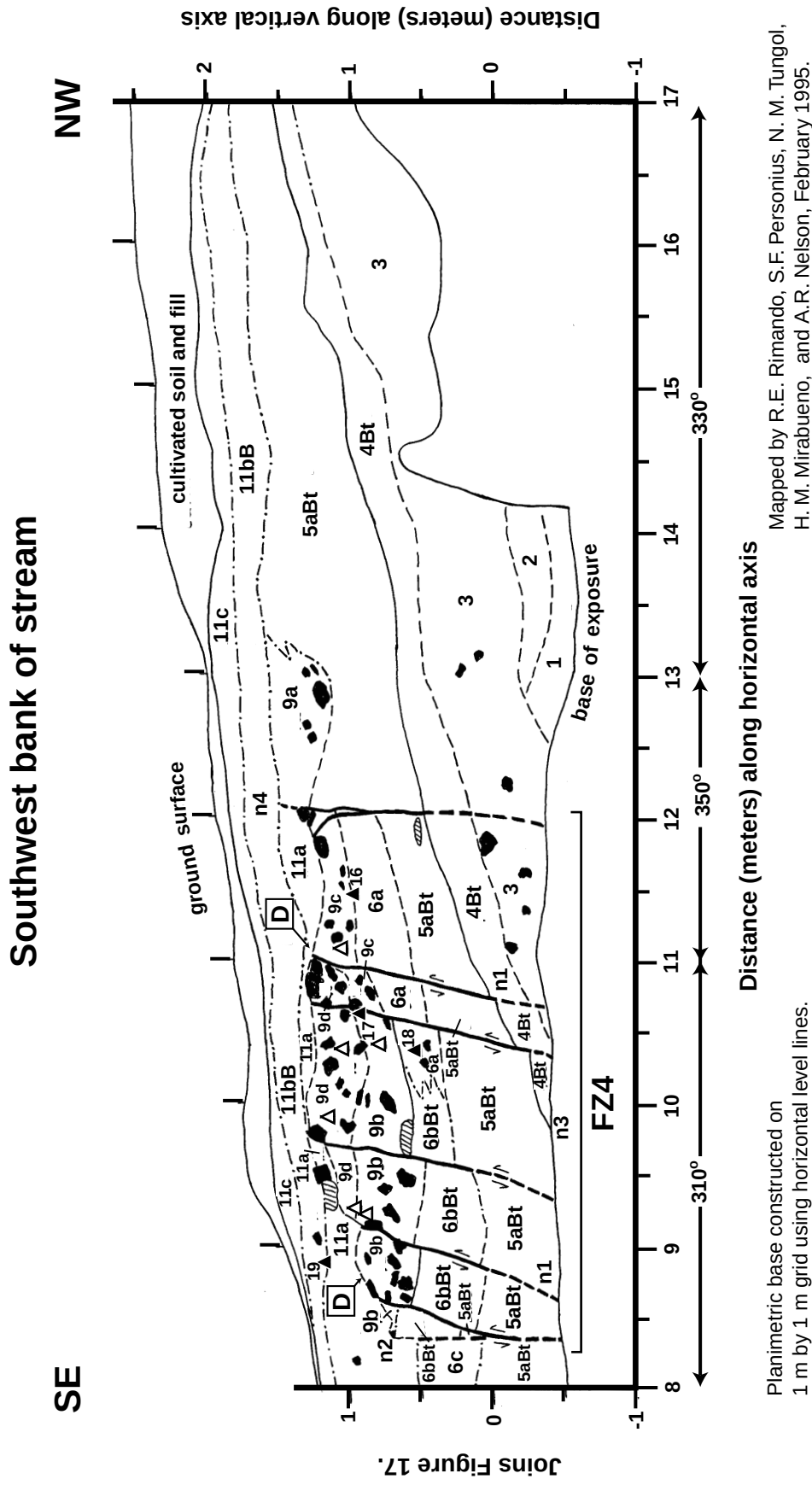
## Southwest bank of stream



Planimetric base constructed on  
1 m by 1 m grid using horizontal level lines.

Mapped by R.E. Rimando, S.F. Personius, N. M. Tungol,  
H. M. Mirabueno, and A.R. Nelson, February 1995.

**Figure S11.** Log of the stream exposure between metric coordinates 0 and 8 on the southwest bank of the creek. Horizontal arrows show trends of face of exposure. Vertical datum is 3.6 m higher than the datum in trenches 1 and 2; horizontal datum is arbitrary. The exposure was logged at a scale of 1:20. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Descriptions of stratigraphic units appear in Table S5. n1: The loose, sandy texture and abundant coarse charcoal in this unit indicate that it is excavated fill, probably <30 years old. n2: Contacts are particularly indistinct here and, therefore, this part of the log is quite interpretive. n3: Fault traces are particularly difficult to identify in unit 5b and are mainly inferred.



**Figure S12.** Log of the stream exposure between metric coordinates 8 and 17 on the southwest bank of the creek. Horizontal arrows show trends of face of exposure. Vertical datum is 3.6 m higher than the datum in trenches 1 and 2; horizontal datum is arbitrary. The exposure was logged at a scale of 1:20. Unit labels, contacts, and symbols explained in Figure S1. Descriptions of stratigraphic units appear in Table S5. Numbered  $^{14}\text{C}$  samples are listed in Table 1. n1: Fault traces are particularly difficult to identify in units 5a and 4b and are mainly inferred. n2: Contacts are particularly indistinct here and, therefore, this part of the log is quite interpretive; the debris flow deposit, however, is clearly truncated. n3: Stream is flowing on mafic volcanic bedrock at several places along the exposure. n4: 15-20-cm-thick, cambic B horizon has weak, medium, subangular blocky structure, but probably not enough clay to qualify as a Bt horizon; it must be much younger than the Bt horizons in near-surface colluvium in the trenches.



**Part 2. Table S1. Description of stratigraphic units in northeast wall 1 of trench 1 (Figs. S2 through S6)<sup>1</sup>.**

| UNIT NO. | STATION LOCATION<br>Horiz., Vert. | GENESIS            | COLOR     | MATRIX TEXTURE          | COARSE FRACTION |          |                                       | LOWER BOUNDARY | STRATIFICATION                    | OTHER FEATURES                                                                                  |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|          |                                   |                    |           |                         | %Pebbles        | %Cobbles | Clast distribution                    |                |                                   |                                                                                                 |
| 1a       | 31.20, -0.60                      | colluvial          | 10YR 5/2  | clay loam               | 0               | 0        | -                                     | not exposed    | massive                           | Black organic mottling due to groundwater oxidation-reduction                                   |
| 2a       | 41.20, -0.40                      | colluvial          | 10YR 4/3  | silty clay loam         | 0               | 0        | -                                     | clear,         | massive                           |                                                                                                 |
| 2bBt     | 41.20, 0.05                       | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/4  | clay loam               | 0               | 0        | -                                     | wavy clear,    | massive                           | Thick clay films and 10YR 6/8 root mottles                                                      |
| 3        | 36.30, -0.2                       | colluvial          | 10YR 4/4  | clay loam               | <1              | 0        | dispersed in lenses                   | abrupt, wavy   | massive                           | Highly burrowed; weathered pebbles                                                              |
| 4Bt      | 36.30, 0.40                       | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/4  | sandy clay loam         | 2               | 0        | evenly dispersed                      | clear, wavy    | massive                           | Highly burrowed; weathered pebbles                                                              |
| 5Bt      | 41.50, 0.50                       | alluvial-colluvial | 5YR4/4    | clay loam               | 7-15*           | 0        | dispersed in lenses                   | clear, wavy    | weak, discontinuous               | 10% fine grusified pebbles; clay coats clasts and fractures; very weak angular blocky structure |
| 6Bt      | 37.20, 0.80                       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 4/4 | clay loam               | 35              | 0        | matrix supported, dispersed in lenses | clear, wavy    | massive                           | Weathered clasts                                                                                |
| 7Bt      | 41.30, 0.80                       | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/4  | silty clay loam         | <1*             | 0        | evenly dispersed                      | abrupt, smooth | massive                           |                                                                                                 |
| 8a       | 24.25, -0.68                      | stream channel     | 10YR 5/2  | sandy loam              | 50              | 2        | clast supported, semi-stratified      | not exposed    | weak, interbedded                 | Discontinuous black mottling                                                                    |
| 8b       | 24.15, -0.55                      | stream channel     | 10YR 6/4  | sandy loam              | 5               | 0        | matrix supported, semi-stratified     | clear, wavy    | weak, interbedded                 | Discontinuous black mottling                                                                    |
| 8c       | 15.45, -0.30                      | stream channel     | 10YR 7/1  | loam                    | 70              | <1       | clast supported, evenly dispersed     | not exposed    | massive                           | Max clast size 5 cm                                                                             |
| 9        | 15.2, 0.30                        | colluvial          | 10YR 7/6  | silty clay loam         | 5               |          | evenly dispersed                      | abrupt, wavy   | massive                           |                                                                                                 |
| 9        | 21.05, -0.49                      | colluvial          | 10YR 5/2  | silt loam               | 0               | 0        | -                                     | clear, smooth  | massive                           |                                                                                                 |
| 9        | 19.50, -0.30                      | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/4  | -                       | 1               | 0        | evenly dispersed                      | not exposed    | massive                           | Abundant black mottles                                                                          |
| 10       | 22.35, -0.35                      | stream channel     | 10YR 5/2  | loam                    | 60              | 1        | clast supported, semi-stratified      | clear, wavy    | weak, interbedded                 | Discontinuous black mottling                                                                    |
| 11       | 23.31, -0.21                      | stream channel     | 10YR 5/2  | loam                    | 30              | 0        | clast supported, semi-stratified      | abrupt, wavy   | distinct, interbedded             | Discontinuous black mottling; max clast size 5 cm; mostly sand and fine pebbles W of station 22 |
| 12       | 25.10, -0.71                      | stream channel     | 10YR 6/2  | sandy loam              | 70              | 2        | clast supported, semi-stratified      | not exposed    | distinct, discontinuous           | Black organic mottling due to groundwater oxidation-reduction                                   |
| 13       | 25.20, -0.26                      | stream channel     | 10YR 6/3  | loam                    | 15              | 0        | matrix supported, semi-stratified     | clear, wavy    | distinct, discontinuous           |                                                                                                 |
| 14       | 23.13, -0.04                      | stream channel     | 10YR 5/3  | loam                    | 2               | 0        | semi-stratified                       | abrupt, smooth | weak to massive                   | Sharp boundary <10 mm; minor black mottling                                                     |
| 15       | 23.13, 0.18                       | stream channel     | 10YR 4/3  | sandy loam to loam      | 5               | 0        | semi-stratified                       | clear, wavy    | weak, interbedded                 | Most clasts and sharp boundary at fault zone; max clast size 5 cm                               |
| 15       | 19.05, 0.30                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR4/6  | loam                    | 50*             | 0        | clast supported, semi-stratified      | abrupt, smooth | weak, interbedded                 |                                                                                                 |
| 16a      | 26.24, -0.75                      | stream channel     | 10YR 5/2  | loamy sand              | 60              | 5        | clast supported, semi-stratified      | clear, smooth  | distinct, lenticular              |                                                                                                 |
| 16b      | 27.80, -0.50                      | stream channel     | 10YR 5/4  | loamy sand              | 75              | 0        | clast supported, semi-stratified      | abrupt, smooth | weak, lenticular to discontinuous | Abundant black horizontal organic mottles                                                       |
| 16c      | 26.45, -0.41                      | stream channel     | 10YR 6/3  | sandy clay loam         | 70              | 2        | clast supported, semi-stratified      | clear, smooth  | distinct, lenticular              | Sharp boundary <10 mm; black organic mottling due to groundwater oxidation-reduction            |
| 16d      | 27.75, -0.42                      | stream channel     | 10YR 5/3  | silt loam to loamy sand | 30              | 0        | matrix supported, semi-stratified     | abrupt, wavy   | weak lenticular to continuous     | Upper part is siltier with burrows?, 5% weathered pebbles, and black mottles: debris flow?      |
| 17a      | 25.14, -0.37                      | debris flow        | 10YR 6/2  | sandy clay loam         | 40              | 5        | clast supported, evenly dispersed     | clear, wavy    | weak, discontinuous               | <1% boulders, lots of 10-20 cm pebbles                                                          |

|       |              |                    |                    |                               |        |     |                                                    |                |                            |                                                                                                                       |
|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-----|----------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17a   | 23.12, 0.49  | debris flow        | 7.5YR 5/4          | clay loam                     | 10     | 20  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed                 | clear, wavy    | massive                    | <1% boulders, max size 35 cm                                                                                          |
| 17b   | 25.53, -0.13 | stream channel     | 7.5YR 6/4          | sandy clay loam               | 40     | <1  | clast supported, semi-stratified                   | abrupt, wavy   | distinct, lenticular       |                                                                                                                       |
| 17b   | 22.62, 0.75  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/4          | sandy clay loam               | 30     | 5   | clast supported, semi-stratified                   | clear, wavy    | weak, interbedded          |                                                                                                                       |
| 17c   | 22.21, 0.76  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/3          | sandy clay loam               | 1      | 0   | evenly dispersed                                   | clear, wavy    | massive                    |                                                                                                                       |
| 18a   | 25.31, 0.11  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 6/4          | sandy clay loam               | 20     | 5   | clast supported, evenly dispersed                  | clear, wavy    | massive                    | Lots of 10-20 cm pebbles                                                                                              |
| 18b   | 25.36, 0.32  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 6/4          | sandy clay loam               | 10     | 0   | partly clast supported, evenly dispersed           | clear, wavy    | massive                    | 80% pebbles are granules                                                                                              |
| 19a   | 26.34, -0.05 | stream channel     | 10YR 5/6           | sandy clay loam               | 10     | <1  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed                 | clear, wavy    | distinct, lenticular       | Black and yellow oxidation-reduction mottles                                                                          |
| 19a   | 27.70, -0.25 | stream channel     | 7.5YR 4/3 -10YR5/3 | loamy sand                    | 50     | 0   | clast supported, semi-stratified                   | clear, smooth  | massive to weak lenticular | Clay coats pores in upper 2/3 of unit; 40% weathered pebbles in upper unit, 20% in lower                              |
| 19b   | 26.76, 0.11  | stream channel     | 10YR 4/6           | loam                          | 35     | <1  | clast supported, semi-stratified                   | abrupt, wavy   | distinct, weak current     | Sharp boundary 3 mm                                                                                                   |
| 19c   | 26.29, 0.12  | stream channel     | 10YR 4/6           | sandy clay loam               | 40     | 0   | clast supported, stratified                        | abrupt, smooth | distinct, current          | Sharp boundary 5 mm                                                                                                   |
| 20a   | 26.12, 0.50  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/4          | sandy clay loam               | 80     | 0-1 | clast supported, stratified                        | abrupt, smooth | distinct, current          | Sharp boundary 5 mm; 1% cobbles in beds of 3-10-mm-thick pebbles; 10-30% weathered pebbles                            |
| 20bBt | 27.50, 0.31  | stream channel     | 5YR 4/6            | sandy clay loam               | 85     | 0   | clast supported, semi-stratified                   | clear, smooth  | massive to weak lenticular | Abundant thick reddish clay films coat clasts; 40-50% weathered pebbles                                               |
| 21a   | 26.14, 0.82  | stream channel     | 10YR 6/4           | sandy clay loam               | 45     | 1   | clast supported, evenly dispersed                  | abrupt, wavy   | massive                    | Weathered pebbles                                                                                                     |
| 21a   | 28.10, 0.50  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 3/4          | loamy sand                    | 90     | 2   | clast supported, stratified                        | abrupt, smooth | distinct, continuous       | Clay coats clasts and fills pores; few weathered clasts; coarser beds are graded                                      |
| 21a   | 27.60, 0.40  | stream channel     | 10YR 5/3           | sandy loam                    | 60     | 1   | clast supported, stratified                        | abrupt, smooth | distinct, continuous       |                                                                                                                       |
| 21b   | 28.40, 0.50  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/4 -5YR 4/6 | sand to loamy sand            | 40-80  | 0   | clast supported, well stratified                   | abrupt, smooth | distinct, continuous       | Interbedding of beds with different percentages of fine and medium pebbles and infiltrated clay                       |
| 22a   | 22.62, 0.92  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/4          | clay loam                     | 0      | 0   | -                                                  | abrupt, smooth | massive                    | Sharp boundary <10 mm                                                                                                 |
| 22b   | 22.86, 1.10  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/4          | clay loam                     | 2      | 0   | evenly dispersed                                   | clear, smooth  | massive                    | Very weathered pebbles                                                                                                |
| 22c   | 22.86, 1.35  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/4          | clay loam                     | <1     | 0   | evenly dispersed                                   | clear, smooth  | massive                    | Very weathered pebbles                                                                                                |
| 23a   | 26.40, 1.01  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/4          | loam                          | 25     | 0   | clast supported, semi-stratified                   | abrupt, smooth | distinct, lenticular       |                                                                                                                       |
| 23a   | 29.3, 0.70   | stream channel     | 7.5YR 4/6          | sand                          | 20-40  | 0   | clast supported, stratified                        | abrupt, smooth | distinct, discontinuous    | Broken areas of clay infiltration in upper half of unit                                                               |
| 23bBt | 26.51, 1.20  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 6/4          | loam                          | 40     | <10 | clast supported, evenly dispersed                  | clear, wavy    | massive                    |                                                                                                                       |
| 23bBt | 29.70, 0.75  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 4/6          | silty clay loam to sandy loam | 50-90* | 0   | dispersed in lenses, semi-stratified               | clear, wavy    | weak, discontinuous        | Broken areas of clay and silt infiltration; 10-20% weathered pebbles; Cox soil horizon                                |
| 23cBt | 28.25, 1.25  | stream channel     | 5YR 4/4            | sandy clay loam               | 40-70  | 0   | clast supported, semi-stratified, clasts in clumps | abrupt, wavy   | weak, discontinuous        | Abundant thick reddish clay films in some pores and voids; 60-80% weathered pebbles; young Bt superimposed on old Bt? |
| 23d   | 24.30, 0.87  | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/4          | sandy clay loam               | 5      | 0   | matrix supported, evenly dispersed                 | abrupt, smooth | weak to massive            | Sharp boundary 5 mm; 50-60% granules                                                                                  |
| 24a   | 23.69, 0.75  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/4          | clay loam                     | 5      | 0   | evenly dispersed                                   | abrupt, wavy   | massive                    | Very weathered pebbles                                                                                                |
| 24b   | 23.68, 1.11  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/4          | clay loam                     | 1      | 0   | evenly dispersed                                   | clear, smooth  | massive                    |                                                                                                                       |
| 25Bt  | 28.00, 1.33  | alluvial-colluvial | 5YR 4/4            | sandy clay loam               | 20-40  | 0   | matrix supported, dispersed in lenses              | abrupt, smooth | massive to weak lenticular | Abundant thick reddish clay films filling voids and coating clasts; 80-90% weathered pebbles                          |

|       |             |                    |           |                 |        |    |                                       |                   |                            |                                                              |
|-------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------|----|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 26aBt | 29.50, 1.25 | colluvial          | 7.5YR 4/4 | silty clay loam | 0-2    | 0  | dispersed in lenses                   | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    | Most pebbles weathered                                       |
| 26aBt | 25.92, 1.50 | colluvial          | 7.5YR 6/4 | clay loam       | 1*     | 0  | evenly dispersed                      | abrupt, wavy      | massive                    |                                                              |
| 26bBt | 30.00, 1.37 | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 4/4 | silty clay loam | 25*    | 0  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed    | clear, smooth     | massive                    | 5% weathered clasts                                          |
| 27Bt  | 28.3, 1.7   | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 3/4 | silt loam       | 30-45* | 0  | matrix supported, dispersed in lenses | clear, wavy       | massive to weak lenticular | 5% weathered clasts                                          |
| 28bBt | 23.02, 1.61 | colluvial          | 7.5YR 4/4 | clay loam       | 1      | 0  | evenly dispersed                      | clear, wavy       | massive                    |                                                              |
| 29a   | 8.80, 0.65  | alluvial-colluvial | 10GY 6/1  | clay loam       | 35*    | 15 | clast supported, semi-stratified      | not exposed       | weak, lenticular           | Some weathered clasts                                        |
| 29b   | 8.15, 0.80  | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 6/4 | sandy clay loam | 30*    | 0  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed    | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    | Sharp boundary <10 mm                                        |
| 29d   | 5.75, 1.30  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/4 | clay loam       | 3      | 0  | dispersed in lenses                   | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    | Sharp boundary <10 mm; highly weathered clasts               |
| 30bBt | 8.65, 0.95  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 6/4 | clay loam       | 5      | 0  | dispersed in lenses                   | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    |                                                              |
| 30c   | 7.40, 1.25  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 6/4 | sandy clay loam | 5*     | 0  | matrix supported, dispersed in lenses | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    |                                                              |
| 30dBt | 9.40, 1.45  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/6 | silty clay loam | 5      | 0  | evenly dispersed                      | abrupt, wavy      | massive                    |                                                              |
| 30dBt | 11.55, 0.95 | colluvial          | 5YR 4/4   | silt loam       | 2*     | 0  | dispersed in lenses                   | clear, wavy       | massive                    | Weathered pebbles                                            |
| 30e   | 6.20, 2.30  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 4/4 | sandy clay loam | -      | 0  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed    | abrupt, irregular | massive                    |                                                              |
| 30f   | 8.25, 2.20  | colluvial          | 10YR 5/8  | sandy loam      | 2*     | 0  | evenly dispersed                      | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    |                                                              |
| 32bBt | 8.90, 2.15  | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/4 | silt loam       | 2      | 0  | evenly dispersed                      | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    | Many weathered pebbles; strong angular blocky soil structure |
| 33Bt  | 14.75, 1.75 | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 4/4 | sandy loam      | 5      | 0  | dispersed in lenses, clasts in clumps | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    |                                                              |
| 34Bt  | 8.50, 2.5   | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 4/4 | sandy loam      | 35*    | 0  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed    | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    | Weathered pebbles                                            |
| 36aBt | 2.50, 2.40  | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 4/4 | sandy clay loam | 25*    | 0  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed    | abrupt, wavy      | massive                    | Weathered pebbles                                            |
| 36b   | 1.30, 2.75  | alluvial-colluvial | 10YR 6/4  | loam            | 50     | 0  | clast supported in some areas         | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    |                                                              |
| 36cBt | 2.50, 2.85  | alluvial-colluvial | 5YR 6/1   | silty clay loam | 30     | 0  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed    | clear, wavy       | massive                    | Weathered pebbles                                            |
| 37Bt  | 2.40, 2.90  | colluvial          | 5YR 5/1   | sandy loam      | 2      | 0  | dispersed in lenses                   | abrupt, smooth    | massive                    | Stone line with weathered clasts                             |
| 38Bt  | 2.00, 4.25  | alluvial-colluvial | 5YR 6/1   | silt loam       | 30     | 0  | matrix supported, evenly dispersed    | abrupt, wavy      | massive                    | Many weathered pebbles                                       |
| 39bBt | 7.05, 3.05  | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/4  | silty clay loam | 2      | 0  | evenly dispersed                      | clear, smooth     | massive                    | Strong angular blocky soil structure.                        |

<sup>1</sup>Color, texture, and boundary terms follow descriptive systems of Soil Survey Staff (1993). Dash indicates not applicable or that property was not described. Units with clasts that are more angular than “subangular to subrounded” are marked with an asterisk under “% pebbles”. The few boulders in the middle of the trench are shown on Figures S4 through S6. Units that appear on Figures S2 through S6 but not in this table were not described. Descriptions for some of the same units also appear in Table S2 for units in northeast wall 2 of trench 1 (Fig. S7).

**Part 2. Table S2. Description of stratigraphic units in northeast wall 2 of trench 1 between stations 22 m and 31 m (Fig. S7)<sup>1</sup>.**

| UNIT NO. | STATION LOCATION<br>Horiz., Vert. | GENESIS            | COLOR     | MATRIX TEXTURE  | COARSE FRACTION |          |                                      | LOWER BOUNDARY | STRATIFICATION       | OTHER FEATURES                                                                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|          |                                   |                    |           |                 | %Pebbles        | %Cobbles | Clast distribution                   |                |                      |                                                                                                                          |
| 1b       | 28.10, 0.10                       | colluvial          | 7.5YR 5/6 | silty clay loam | 0               | 0        | -                                    | not exposed    | massive              | Iron and black organic mottling due to groundwater oxidation-reduction<br>Max clast size 2 cm; black stains along cracks |
| 1b       | 26.40, -0.7                       | colluvial          | 7.5YR 6/1 | silt loam       | 0               | 0        | -                                    | clear, smooth  | massive              |                                                                                                                          |
| 1c       | 27.70, -0.40                      | alluvial-colluvial | 10YR 7/3  | silt loam       | 15              | 0        | matrix supported, clasts in clumps   | clear, smooth  | massive              | Max clast size 2 cm; coarse sand matrix                                                                                  |
| 10       | 22.50, -0.3                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR6/6  | sandy loam      | 2               | 0        | matrix supported, clasts in clumps   | abrupt, smooth | -                    |                                                                                                                          |
| 16c      | 26.40, -0.35                      | stream channel     | 10YR 6/4  | sand            | 25              | 45       | clast supported, dispersed in lenses | clear, wavy    | massive              | Max clast size 12 cm; coarse sand matrix                                                                                 |
| 21       | 27.60, 0.30                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR6/6  | sand            | >70             | 0        | clast supported                      | sharp, smooth  | massive              |                                                                                                                          |
| 21       | 27.80, 0.40                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR6/6  | loam            | 70              | 0        | clast supported                      | sharp, smooth  | weak, discontinuous  | poorly sorted                                                                                                            |
| 21a      | 24.00, 0.0                        | stream channel     | 7.5YR4/6  | sandy clay loam | 70              | <1       | clast supported                      | abrupt, smooth | distinct, lenticular | Max clast size 3 cm                                                                                                      |
| 21b      | 22.40, 0.80                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR4/4  | silt loam       | 60              | 10       | clast supported                      | abrupt, smooth | massive              | Max clast size 12 cm                                                                                                     |
| 21b      | 23.20, 0.20                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR 6/6 | silty clay loam | 40              | 20       | clast supported                      | abrupt, smooth | massive              | Max clast size 12 cm                                                                                                     |
| 21b      | 25.2, 0.56                        | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/6 | sandy clay loam | 60              | 10       | clast supported, evenly dispersed    | abrupt, smooth | massive              | Weathered pebbles; poorly sorted                                                                                         |
| 21b      | 26.00, 0.60                       | stream channel     | 5YR5/6    | sand            | >70             | <1       | clast supported                      | abrupt, smooth | distinct, lenticular | Max clast size 5 cm                                                                                                      |
| 21b      | 26.90, 0.45                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/6 | loamy sand      | -               | -        | clast supported                      | abrupt, smooth | weak, lenticular     | Max clast size 5.5 cm                                                                                                    |
| 22a      | 22.40, 0.30                       | colluvial          | -         | sandy loam      | 1               | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed   | abrupt, smooth | massive              | Max clast size 2.5 cm                                                                                                    |
| 22b      | 22.25, 0.55                       | colluvial          | 5YR 5/6   | sandy loam      | -               | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed   | clear, smooth  | weak, lenticular     | Max clast size 2 cm; weathered pebbles                                                                                   |
| 22c      | 22.4, 0.60                        | colluvial          | 5YR 4/6   | loamy sand      | 0               | 0        | -                                    | abrupt, smooth | weak, lenticular     |                                                                                                                          |
| 22c      | 23.1, 0.40                        | colluvial          | 10YR 6/4  | sandy loam      | 1               | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed   | abrupt, smooth | massive              | Max clast size 2 cm                                                                                                      |
| 23a      | 22.8, 1.05                        | stream channel     | 5YR 4/4   | sandy loam      | 40-50           | -        | clast supported, semi-stratified     | abrupt, smooth | weak, lenticular     | Max clast size 6 cm                                                                                                      |
| 23a      | 29.40, 0.75                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR 4/6 | clay loam       | 30              | 0        | matrix supported, clasts in clumps   | abrupt, smooth | massive              | Max clast size 2.5 cm                                                                                                    |
| 23e      | 24.80, 0.75                       | stream channel     | 10YR 4/6  | loam            | 70              | <1       | clast supported, semi-stratified     | abrupt, smooth | weak, lenticular     | Max clast size 2.5 cm; poorly sorted                                                                                     |
| 23e      | 29.40, 0.60                       | stream channel     | 7.5YR 6/6 | loam            | 60              | 0        | clast supported, semi-stratified     | abrupt, smooth | weak, discontinuous  | Max clast size 3.5 cm                                                                                                    |

<sup>1</sup>Color, texture, and boundary terms follow descriptive systems of Soil Survey Staff (1993). Dash indicates not applicable or that property was not described. Units with clasts that are more angular than “subangular to subrounded” are marked with an asterisk under “% pebbles”. The few boulders in the middle of the trench are shown on Figure S7. Units that appear on Figure S7, but are not in this table were not described. Descriptions for many of the same units also appear in Table S1 for units in northeast wall 1 of trench 1 (Fig. S6). Unit labels such as “23”, which do not include a letter designating a subunit, mark units that may correspond with one of several subunits on the opposite sides of faults.

**Part 2. Table S3. Description of stratigraphic units in the southwest wall of trench 1 (Fig. S9)<sup>1</sup>.**

| UNIT NO. | GENESIS            | COLOR             | MATRIX TEXTURE   | COARSE FRACTION |          |                                     | LOWER BOUNDARY | STRATIFICATION                         |
|----------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|
|          |                    |                   |                  | %Pebbles        | %Cobbles | Clast distribution                  |                |                                        |
| 1a       | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/2         | loam             | 70              | 2        | clast supported, evenly dispersed   | not exposed    | massive                                |
| 1b       | stream channel     | 10GY4/1           | loamy sand       | 60              | 1        | clast supported                     | not exposed    | weak                                   |
| 1c       | stream channel     | 10GY4/1           | sand             | 5               | 2        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | abrupt wavy    | massive                                |
| 2        | stream channel     | 10Y5/2            | loam             | 5               | 0        | matrix supported, mostly in clumps  | not exposed    | massive; stone line across unit        |
| 3        | alluvial-colluvial | 10YR 5/2          | loam             | 2               | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | clear smooth   | massive, Fe and black staining         |
| 4a       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5Y5/2           | silt loam - loam | 2               | 0        | matrix supported, in clumps         | abrupt wavy    | massive                                |
| 4b       | alluvial-colluvial | 10Y5/1            | loam             | 7               | 0        | matrix supported, mostly in clumps  | gradual smooth | massive, charcoal rich                 |
| 5        | stream channel     | 10YR 5/2          | loam             | 25              | 0        | mostly in clumps                    | gradual smooth | massive, stained and weathered         |
| 6a       | colluvial          | 10Y6/1            | silt loam        | 55              | 2        | clast supported, cobbles in clumps  | clear wavy     | massive, Fe staining                   |
| 6b       | colluvial          | 10Y6/1            | silt loam        | 25              | 0        | matrix supported, mostly in clumps  | clear wavy     | massive, weathered colluvium of unit 5 |
| 7        | colluvial          | 2.5Y5/2           | silt loam        | 3               | 0        | matrix supported, cobbles in clumps | clear wavy     | massive, Fe staining                   |
| 8        | stream channel     | 7.5YR5/3          | sand             | 20              | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | abrupt wavy    | massive                                |
| 9a       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 5/6-10YR5/4 | loam             | 0-10            | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | clear smooth   | massive, Fe and black staining         |
| 9b       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 5/6-        | loamy sand       | 10              | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | clear smooth   | weak                                   |
| 10       | stream channel     | 7.5YR5/3          | sand             | 20              | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | abrupt wavy    | massive                                |
| 11       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 4/4         | loam             | 10              | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | clear smooth   | massive, Fe staining                   |
| 12       | stream channel     | 7.5YR6/4          | loamy sand       | 40              | 20       | clast supported, cobbles in clumps  | abrupt wavy    | weak; stone line across unit           |
| 13       | stream channel     | 7.5YR6/4          | loamy sand       | 60              | 0        | clast supported, evenly dispersed   | clear wavy     | massive                                |

<sup>1</sup>Color, texture, and boundary terms follow descriptive systems of Soil Survey Staff (1993). Clasts are subangular to subrounded.

**Part 2. Table S4. Description of stratigraphic units in trench 2 (Fig. S10)<sup>1</sup>.**

| UNIT NO. | GENESIS            | COLOR                 | MATRIX TEXTURE  | COARSE FRACTION |          |                                     | LOWER BOUNDARY    | COMMENTS                                |
|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------|
|          |                    |                       |                 | %Pebbles        | %Cobbles | Clast distribution                  |                   |                                         |
| 1        | colluvial          | 7.5YR 4/6 - 7.5YR5/1  | clay loam       | 0               | 0        | none                                | not exposed       |                                         |
| 2        | stream channel     | 7.5YR 5/1 - 7.5YR 5/6 | silty clay      | 40              | 10       | clast-supported, evenly dispersed   | abrupt wavy       | Cobbles rounded.                        |
| 3a       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 5/1 - 7.5YR 5/6 | silty clay      | 2               | <1       | mostly in clumps, pebble line       | abrupt wavy       | Cobbles rounded, pebbles angular.       |
| 3b       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 5/4             | silt loam       | 2               | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | gradual irregular |                                         |
| 4b       | stream channel     | 7.5YR 4/2             | silty clay loam | 30-40           | 0        | clast-supported, evenly dispersed   | abrupt irregular  |                                         |
| 5        | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR4/4              | silty clay loam | 1               | 3        | matrix supported, cobbles in clumps | abrupt irregular  | Pebbles angular, upper gravel of T1     |
| 6a       | stream channel     | 7.5YR4/4              | loamy sand      | 50              | 40       | clast-supported                     | abrupt wavy       |                                         |
| 6c       | stream channel     | 7.5YR5/3              | sand            | 50              | 2        | clast-supported, mostly in clumps   | abrupt smooth     | Fine pebbles.                           |
| 6d       | stream channel     | 5YR5/4                | loam            | 60              | 2        | clast-supported, evenly dispersed   | abrupt smooth     |                                         |
| 6e       | stream channel     | 7.5YR5/4              | silt loam       | 30              | 0        | clast-supported, evenly dispersed   | clear wavy        | Fine pebbles.                           |
| 6f       | stream channel     | 7.5YR5/3              | silt loam       | 40              | 2        | clast-supported, evenly dispersed   | clear irregular   |                                         |
| 6g       | stream channel     | 7.5YR4/3              | silt loam       | 40              | 5        | clast-supported, evenly dispersed   | not exposed       |                                         |
| 7        | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR4/3              | silty clay loam | 1               | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | abrupt wavy       | Upper contact is unconformity.          |
| 8        | stream channel     | 7.5YR5/3              | loamy sand      | 70              | 2        | clast-supported, mostly in clumps   | abrupt wavy       | Cobbles rounded.                        |
| 9        | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/3              | silt loam       | 0               | 0        | none                                | abrupt wavy       |                                         |
| 10       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR4/4              | clay loam       | 20              | 0        | matrix supported, clasts in lenses  | abrupt wavy       |                                         |
| 11a      | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/4              | silty clay loam | 0               | 0        | none                                | abrupt smooth     | Contains indistinct grussified pebbles. |
| 11b      | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/4              | silty clay loam | 0               | 0        | none                                | abrupt wavy       | Contains indistinct grussified pebbles. |
| 11c      | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR3/4              | clay loam       | 50              | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | abrupt wavy       | Many pebbles angular.                   |
| 12a      | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR4/3              | clay loam       | 15              | 0        | matrix supported, evenly dispersed  | clear wavy        | Fine angular pebbles.                   |

<sup>1</sup>Color, texture, and boundary terms follow descriptive systems of Soil Survey Staff (1993). Clasts are subangular to subrounded, except as noted. Three small units (4a, 6b, and 12b) were not described.

**Part 2. Table S5. Description of stratigraphic units in stream exposure (Figs. S11 and S12)<sup>1</sup>.**

| UNIT NO. | GENESIS            | COLOR                 | MATRIX TEXTURE  | COARSE FRACTION |          |                                                                                          | LOWER BOUNDARY   | STRATIFICATION |
|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
|          |                    |                       |                 | %Pebbles        | %Cobbles | Clast distribution                                                                       |                  |                |
| 1        | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 4/2             | sandy clay loam | 20-40           | <1       | evenly dispersed                                                                         | not exposed      | interbedded    |
| 2        | colluvial          | 7.5YR 4/2             | clay loam       | 0               | 0        | -                                                                                        | abrupt wavy      | lenticular     |
| 3        | colluvial          | 7.5YR 4/4 - 7.5YR 3/4 | sandy clay loam | 10-15           | <1       | mostly in clumps                                                                         | clear smooth     | massive        |
| 4Bt      | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR 4/4             | silty clay loam | 40-50           | <1       | matrix supported                                                                         | abrupt wavy      | interbedded    |
| 5aBt     | colluvial          | 7.5YR 4/4             | clay loam       | 1               | <1       | evenly dispersed                                                                         | abrupt wavy      | interbedded    |
| 5b       | colluvial          | 7.5YR3/4              | silty clay      | 0               | 0        | -                                                                                        | not exposed      | massive        |
| 6a       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR4/4              | sandy clay loam | 40              | 0        | matrix supported                                                                         | abrupt wavy      | interbedded    |
| 6bBt     | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR4/4              | clay loam       | 3-7             | 0        | evenly dispersed                                                                         | abrupt wavy      | interbedded    |
| 6c       | alluvial-colluvial | 7.5YR4/3              | clay loam       | 1-5             | 0        | mostly in clumps                                                                         | diffuse wavy     | massive        |
| 7Bt      | stream channel     | 7.5YR4/4              | clay loam       | 50              | 2-7      | evenly dispersed                                                                         | gradual wavy     | interbedded    |
| 8        | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/4              | loam            | 0               | 0        | -                                                                                        | abrupt wavy      | lenticular     |
| 9b       | debris flow        | 7.5YR4/4              | clay loam       | 40-60           | 15-20    | clast supported, cobbles in clumps pebbles dispersed, cobbles in clumps mostly in clumps | abrupt wavy      | interbedded    |
| 9c       | debris flow        | 7.5YR3/4              | loam            | 30              | 40       |                                                                                          | abrupt wavy      | interbedded    |
| 9d       | debris flow        | 7.5YR3/3              | silt loam       | 10-40           | 20-50    |                                                                                          | clear wavy       | massive        |
| 10a      | stream channel     | 7.5YR4/4              | loamy sand      | 40-50           | 0        | matrix supported                                                                         | abrupt wavy      | interbedded    |
| 10b      | stream channel     | 7.5YR4/6              | loamy sand      | 30              | 0        | matrix supported                                                                         | abrupt irregular | lenticular     |
| 11a      | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/3              | clay loam       | 0               | 0        | -                                                                                        | diffuse wavy     | massive        |
| 11bB     | colluvial          | 7.5YR3/3              | clay loam       | 1               | <1       | evenly dispersed                                                                         | clear smooth     | massive        |
| 11c      | colluvial          | 7.5YR4/3              | loam            | 3               | 0        | evenly dispersed                                                                         | abrupt wavy      | massive        |

<sup>1</sup>Color, texture, and boundary terms follow descriptive systems of Soil Survey Staff (1993). Dash indicates not applicable. Clasts are subangular to subrounded. Unit 9a was not described.

### **Part 3 - Stratigraphy of Additional Exposures**

#### *The southwest wall of Trench 1*

A 5-m-long section of the southwest wall of trench 1, parallel to and about 5.5 m southwest of stations 22.5 to 27.6 on wall 1, shows evidence of 2-3 faulting events (Fig. S9). Most of the upper 1.5 m of this section (above the log on Fig. S9) and sections to the northwest and southeast were too disturbed during excavation to log accurately.

Stratigraphic units in the southwest wall are similar to those in wall 1, but the geometry and lithology of most units differs enough from those in wall 1 to make correlations uncertain. For this reason, we number units in the southwest wall independently of those in walls 1 and 2 (Table S3). The gravelly stream channel deposits of unit 1 in the southwest wall (Fig. S9) are probably units 8, 10, and/or 12 in wall 1 (Fig. S6). Units 3-8 in the southwest wall (Fig. S9) are probably about the same age as the much more gravelly channel deposits of units 13-20 in wall 1; of these units in the southwest wall, units 5 and 8 are the only likely channel deposits (Table S3). We show this correlation by labeling the upper contact of units 3-8 “B”, as in wall 1. Based primarily on lithology and stratigraphic position, unit 9 in the southwest wall may be the equivalent of unit 22 in wall 1 and units 10 and 12 in the southwest wall the equivalents of units 23-25 in wall 1 (upper contact labeled C, Fig. S9). A single radiocarbon age of 1.5 ka on charcoal from unit 9a (sample 8, station 27.5, Fig. S9; Table 1) shows only that this unit is the same age or younger than the oldest units in wall 1, which have similar ages.

If the above correlations are correct, fault patterns in the southwest wall of trench 1 show evidence of faulting events B and C, and either A? or an earlier faulting event unrecognized in other exposures. Fault strands in FZ1 extend through units 3 and 4 and into unit 5. The lower part of unit 4a is probably a facies equivalent of unit 3;



unit 5 is a channel deposit, cut into unit 3, that does not seem to extend southeast beyond FZ1. At least 25 cm of vertical separation across FZ1 is indicated by the offset of the upper contact of unit 1 in FZ1 and by the thickness of the wedge of gravelly colluvium (unit 6a), which was probably derived from a former fault-scarp free face cut into the distal edge of the channel deposit (unit 5). The colluvial wedge is clear evidence of a faulting event, which may be event A?, that displaced unit 5 before the contact at the tops of units 4, 5, and 7 formed. Event B is recorded in FZ2 by strands that terminate at the top of unit 4a (contact labeled B, Fig. S9). In FZ3, a single fault strand that formed during event C extends to the top of unit 12. The northwest slope of the upper contact of unit 12 (C on Fig. S9) suggests the same type of dome-like deformation during this event that we inferred in FZ3 in wall 1.

### *Stratigraphy of Trench 2*

The lithologies exposed in trench 2 (southwest wall, Fig. S10) were similar to those in trench 1, but the lack of extensive, well stratified stream deposits made it much more difficult to correlate stratigraphic units (numbered independently of those in trench 1) and identify faults in trench 2. We mapped clayey, silty alluvium and colluvium along almost the entire basal third of the trench. The lower of these units (1) is probably the stratigraphic equivalent of units 1-3 in trench 1 (Figs. S6 and S7), but the upper, more extensive unit (3a) may have been deposited about the same time as sequence-1a channel deposits in trench 1 (units 8-19, Fig. S6). Pebbly stream channel deposits that extend the length of trench 2 (unit 6) were deposited on an erosional unconformity cut on the alluvium and colluvium of unit 3 (labeled with A?, Fig. S10). In the central third of trench 2 between stations 24 and 29, the channel deposits contain about 50% pebbles and 40% cobbles. Reddish-brown clay in some of the upper parts of unit 6 records soil development on the stream deposits.

The stream channel deposits of unit 6 (Fig. S10) probably correlate with the channel deposits of sequence 1b (unit 20) in trench 1 (Fig. 4; B? label on Fig. S10). Except at FZ1 at the southeast end of the trench, sandy, fine-grained alluvium and colluvium with angular pebbles in their upper parts (unit 9) overlie unit 6 along the entire trench. Although the upper part of unit 9 may be the stratigraphic equivalent of the similar unfaulted, fine-grained unit 26bBt in trench 1 (Fig. S6), because unit 9 in trench 2 is apparently displaced in FZ3 (discussed below), at least the lower part of unit 9 may have been deposited about the same time as sequence 2 in trench 1 (units 21-25, Figs. S6 and S7; Fig. 4). Such a correlation is indicated by our label of C? on Fig. S10. Another possibility is that the latest displacement on this fault was during the youngest event identified at the site (event D, Fig. 6). The bright reddish color hues in unit 9 and overlying alluvium and colluvium of units 11 and 12 in trench 2 suggest at least several hundred years of soil development following the deposition of unit 9. A layer of cultivated soil and fill almost one meter thick overlies unit 12.

In trench 2, upward-splaying fault strands form zones that are probably the same three zones recognized in trench 1 (Figs. 4, S6, S7, and S10). However, we gained little additional information about faulting event timing in trench 2 because we mapped fewer fault strands, identified fewer fault-strand terminations, and found no samples for radiocarbon dating. In FZ1 near the northwest end of the trench (station 22.5, Fig. S10), a clast-supported gravel unit (unit 2) abruptly abuts the fine-grained colluvium of unit 1. A fault is suggested by the near-vertical contact between the two units, but we could not trace it into the overlying unit (3a). If a fault, this strand could have been produced during faulting event A? (Fig. 6) or an earlier event not recognized in walls 1 or 2 of trench 1.

Strands in all three fault zones displace the pebbly channel deposits of unit 6 in trench 2. A single strand cuts these beds in FZ1. In FZ2, fault strands are difficult

to identify in the fine-grained alluvium and colluvium of unit 3a because of the lack of distinct bedding and changes in texture. However, in the overlying unit 6, two upwardly splaying strands displace distinctive pebbly and cobbly beds. The four strands of FZ3 display an upwardly diverging flower-structure pattern (Fig. S10) like that of FZ3 in wall 1 of trench 1 (Figs. 4A and S6). The strands are not everywhere distinct, but clearly displace all the gravelly channel deposits of unit 6. As noted in both walls of trench 1, the channel deposits in FZ3 of trench 2 have been pushed upward into a dome.

If the unit-6 channel deposits of trench 2 correlate with those of sequence 2 in trench 1, the strands formed during faulting event C. But an alternative correlation of unit 6 with sequence 1b (unit 20, trench 1) indicates that they might have formed during event B instead (upper contact labeled B?, Fig. S10). A final possibility is that the latest displacement on this fault occurred during event D, the youngest faulting event identified at the site. Because movement on one of the less distinct strands of FZ3 appears to have thrust pebbly sediment of unit 6 over part of the fine-grained alluvium and colluvium of unit 9, unit 6 most likely correlates with sequence 1b in trench 1 rather than with sequence 2.

#### *Other stream exposures*

Natural exposures at the mouth of the tributary 1 valley, about 15 m northwest of the logged stream exposure (Figs. 3 and 5), show stratified, cobbly, pebbly gravel in fault contact with mafic volcanic bedrock. The bedrock forms the base of the escarpment into which the tributary-1 valley is cut. On the east side of the stream, gravel abuts bedrock along a sheared contact, but on the west side, a 0.3-1.0-m-wide, V-shaped fissure extends to a depth of about 1.8 m above the sheared gravel-bedrock contact. The fissure is filled with loose, sandy, silty colluvium, and the abundance of charcoal and disseminated organic material in it indicates a young age for the faulting event that formed the fissure.

Apparently, the young trace of the fault on this edge of the strike valley steps to the south farther to the southwest because we found no evidence of it in the much older colluvial/alluvial deposits exposed near the northwest end of trench 1 about 80 m to the southwest. We did not  $^{14}\text{C}$  date the charcoal in the colluvium or log this exposure because we could not determine stratigraphic relations between the colluvium and individual surface-faulting events.

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